



Multistakeholder
partnerships in developing
and testing E-flows
Approaches
October 21, 2019

Customising environmental flows methodology for the Ganga



IIT - Kanpur



IIT – BHU
Varanasi



INRM – IIT
Delhi



PSI -
Dehradun



CIFRI



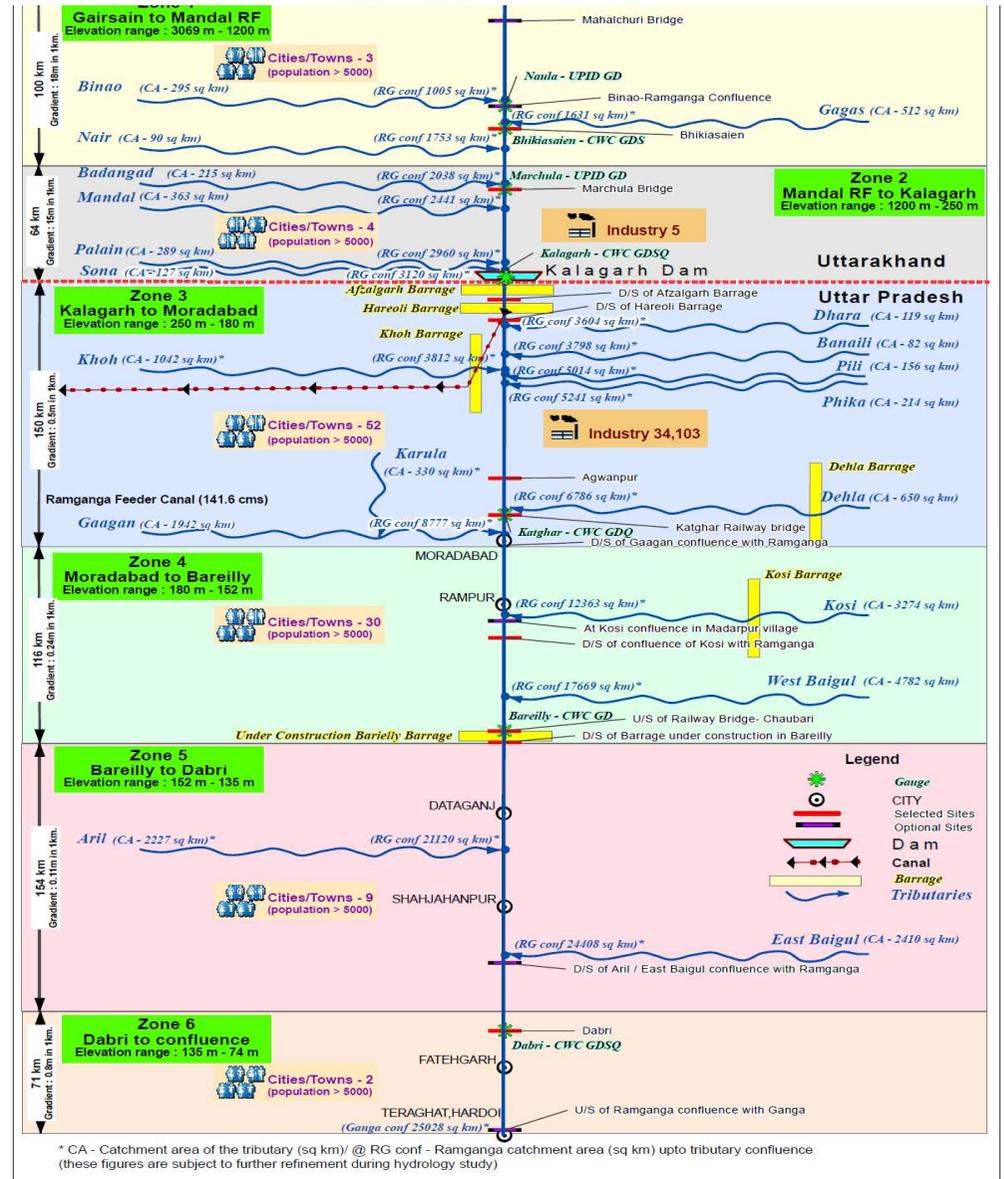
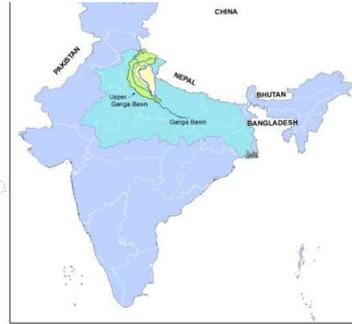
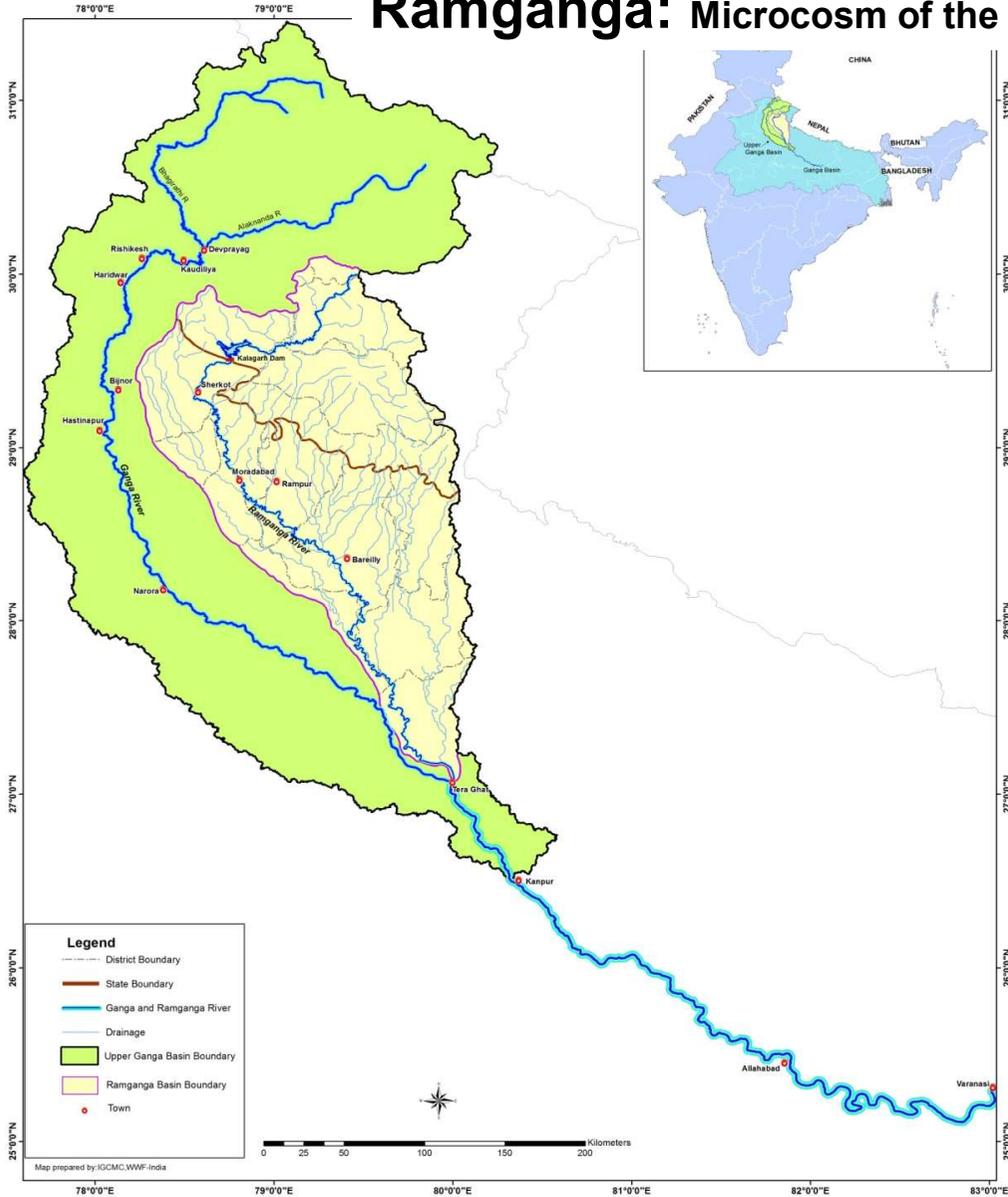
HNB Garhwal
University

Data support: CWC, UPID, SWaRA

Prof. Jay O Keeffe,
UNESCO-IHE

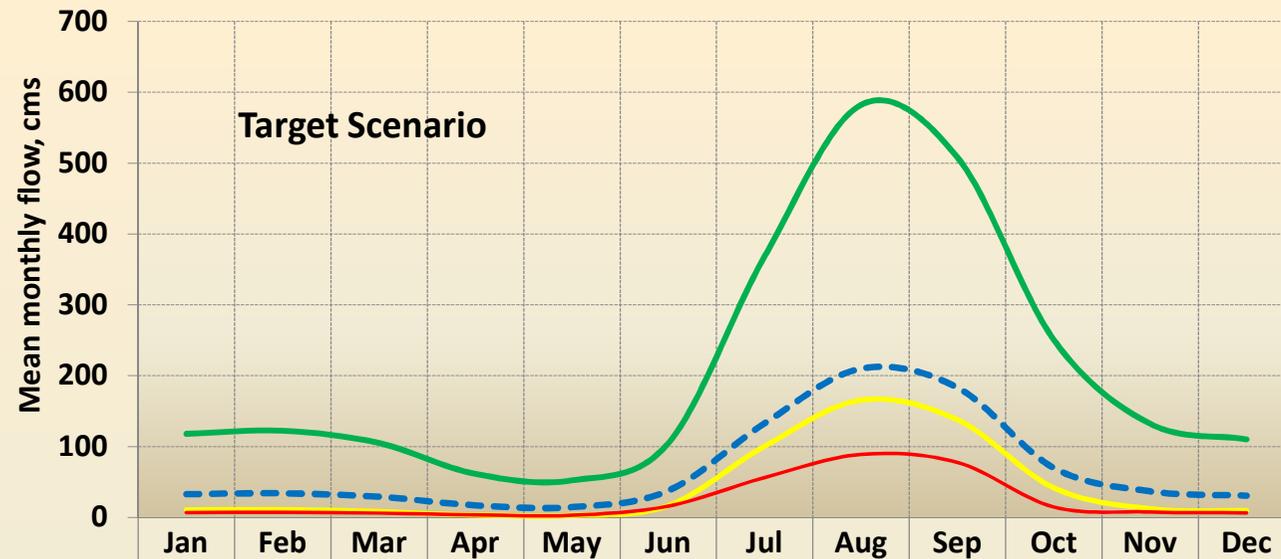


Ramganga: Microcosm of the Ganga-flows, over-abstraction, fragmentation, pollution



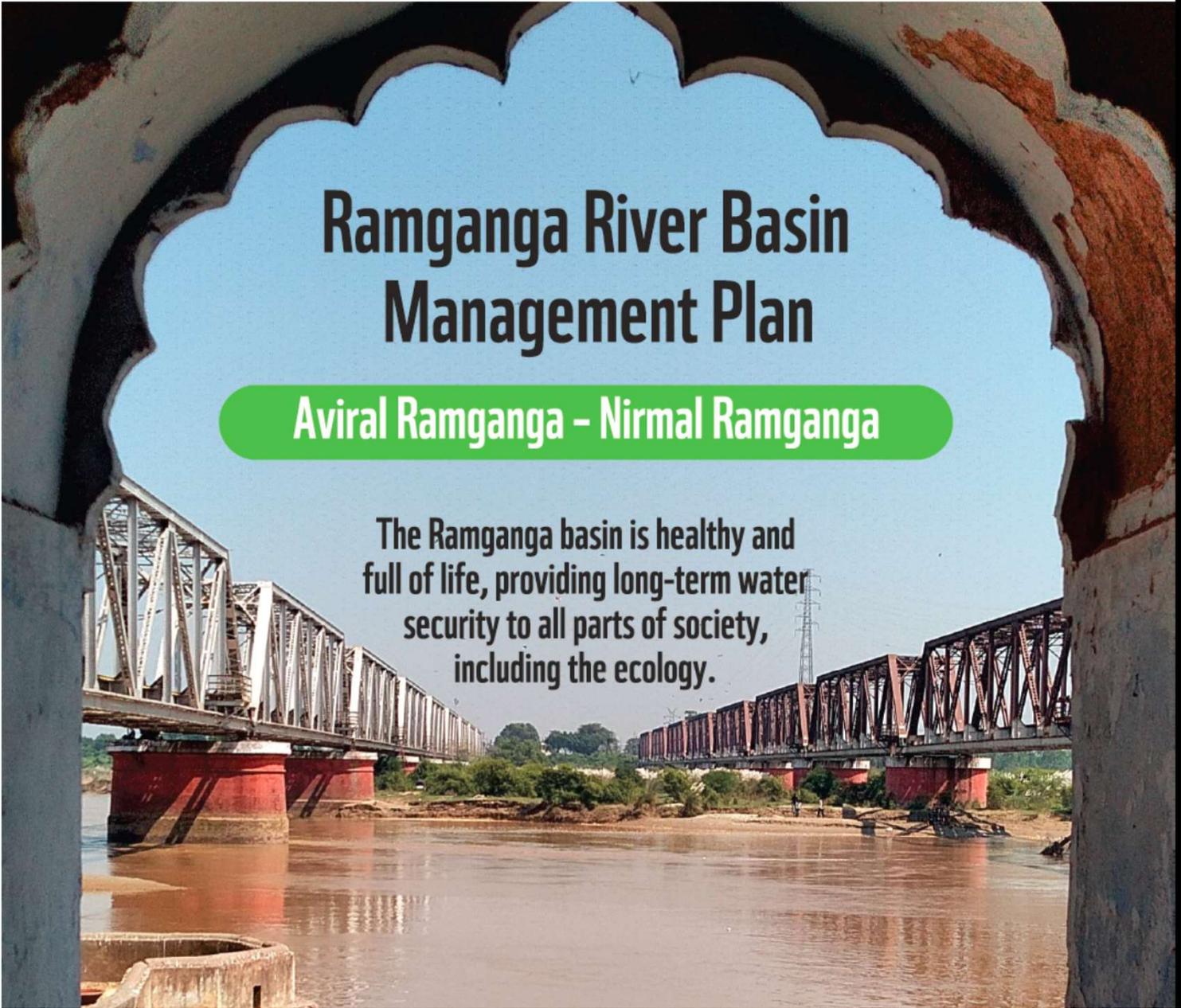


E-Flows corresponding to river health classes and management scenarios



	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec
— Katgarh(Natural), cms	118.1	122.4	105.0	61.5	52.4	104.7	368.5	582.2	508.2	250.8	132.3	110.3
— Katgarh(Regulated), cms	10.8	11.0	8.3	3.5	2.8	16.8	100.6	165.7	138.1	41.8	12.3	9.6
- - - Eflow - Maintenance Year	32.9	34.1	29.3	17.1	14.6	37.8	132.9	210.0	183.3	69.9	36.9	30.8
— Eflow - Drought Year	7.0	7.2	6.2	3.6	3.1	16.0	56.3	89.0	77.7	14.8	7.8	6.5

— Katgarh(Natural), cms
 — Katgarh(Regulated), cms
 - - - Eflow - Maintenance Year
 — Eflow - Drought Year



Ramganga River Basin Management Plan

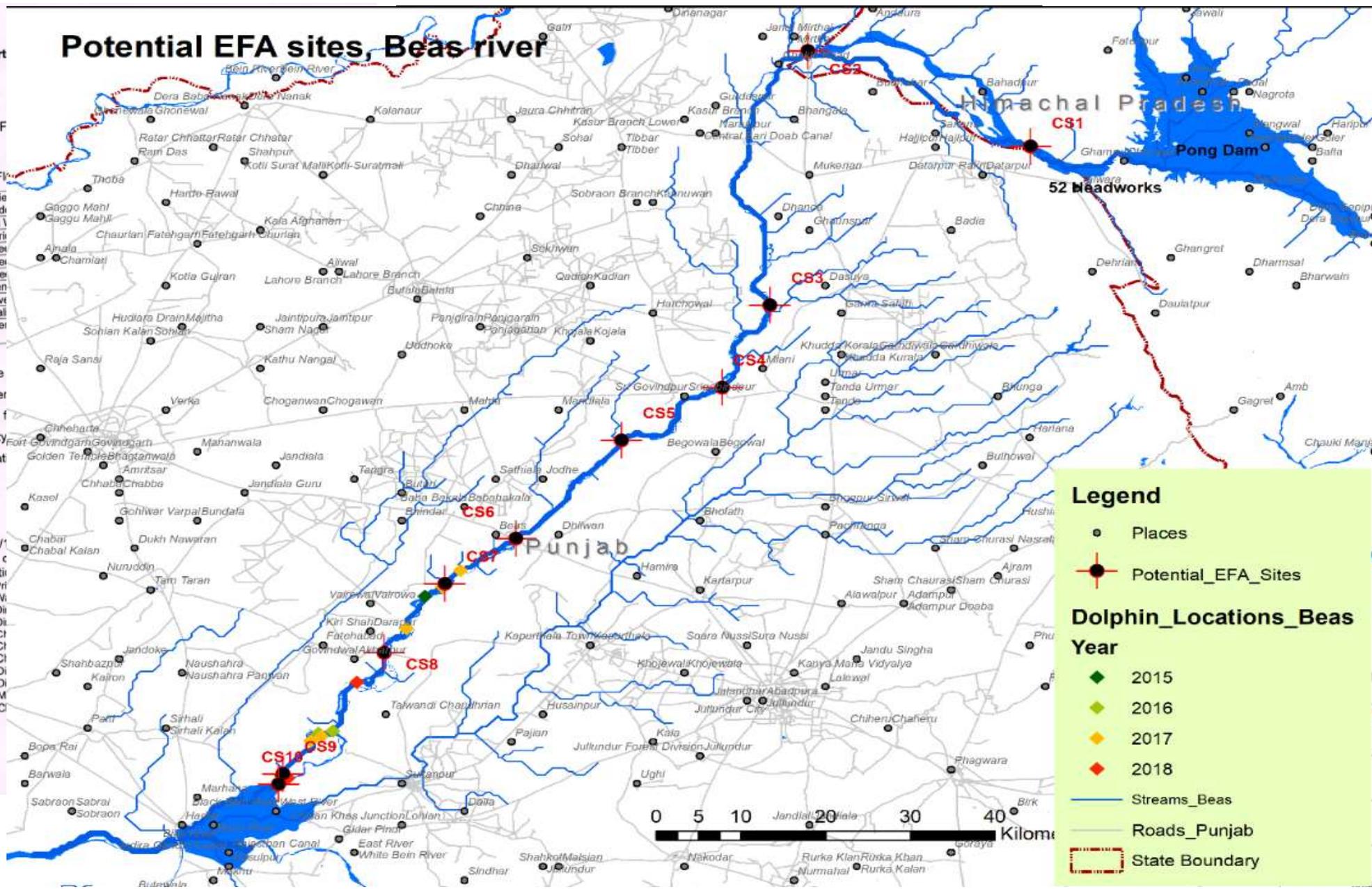
Aviral Ramganga – Nirmal Ramganga

The Ramganga basin is healthy and full of life, providing long-term water security to all parts of society, including the ecology.

Potential EFA sites, Beas river

Depart
No. 34/13/2017-F
The
Environmental Fi

1	Principal Chief Wildlife Ward
2	Director and
3	Director, Agri
4	Chief Engine
5	Chief Engine
6	Chief Engine
7	Director, Ren
8	Director, Riv
9	Mrs. Gitanjali
10	Chief Conse



Legend

- Places
- ⊕ Potential_EFA_Sites

Dolphin_Locations_Beas

Year

- ◆ 2015
- ◆ 2016
- ◆ 2017
- ◆ 2018

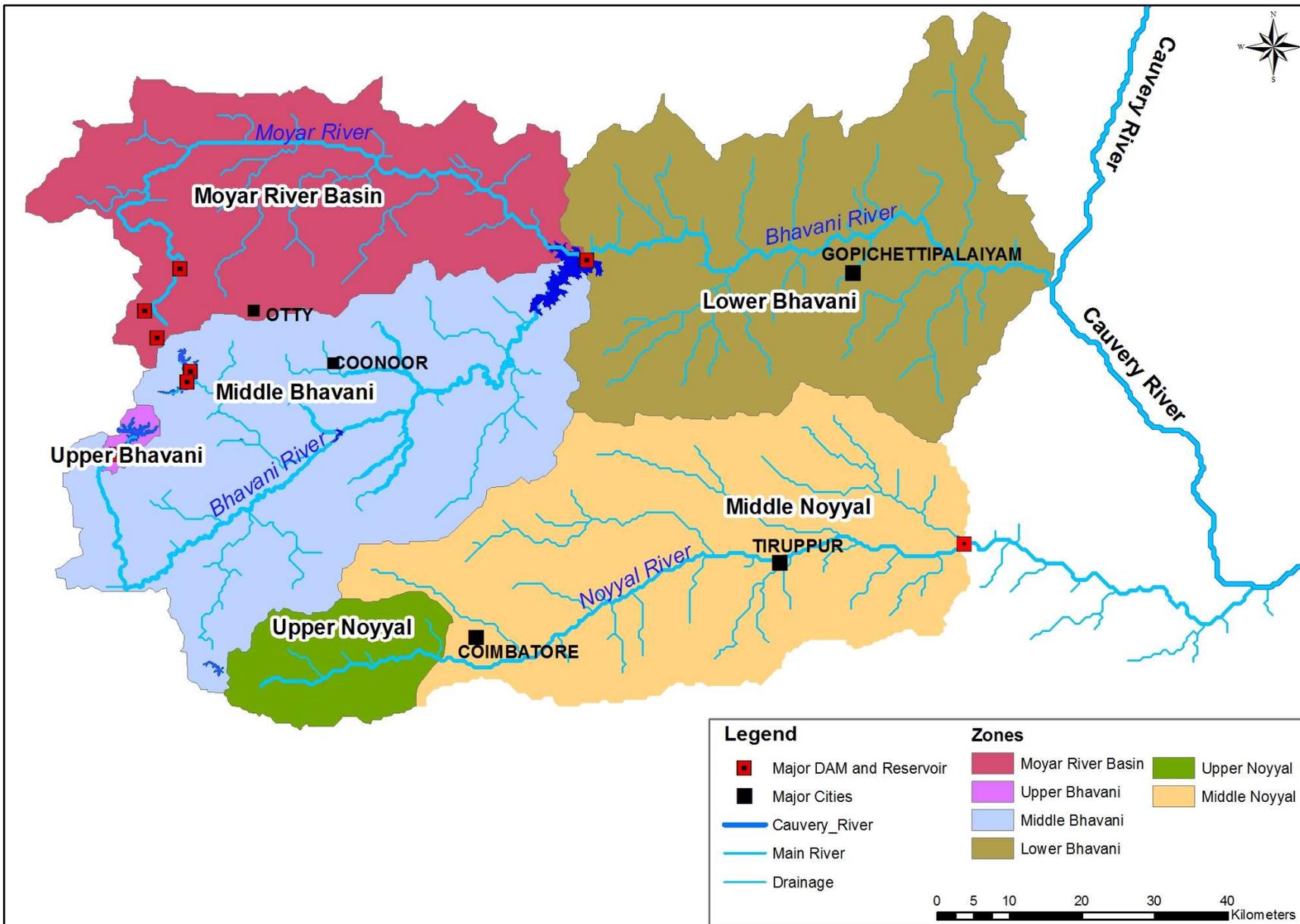
- Streams_Beas
- Roads_Punjab
- ▭ State Boundary

Red
NE
218

The
with Beas River
environmental f
ensure security
date of notificat

Endst. No. 34/1
A c
necessary acti

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2	Di
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4	Di
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6	Di
7	Di
8	Di
9	M
10	C



Map prepared by:IGCMC,WWF-India



Basin Water Security Plan

Basin Description

- Basin Extents
- Basin Details
- Situational Analysis
- Water Risk

Basin Vision and Goals

- Motivation and Vision
- Goals and Outcomes

Basin Strategies

- Aquifer Management
- Demand Management
- Sustainable Agriculture
- Water Quality
- Catchment restoration
- E-Flows
- Disaster Management
- Policy and Institutions

Implementation Plan

Framework with roles and responsibility

How to restore flows and river health?



Agricultural Water management



Urban & Industry Water footprint

Basin Governance



Ecosystem Restoration (Aquifer management)





Karula Proof-of-Concept



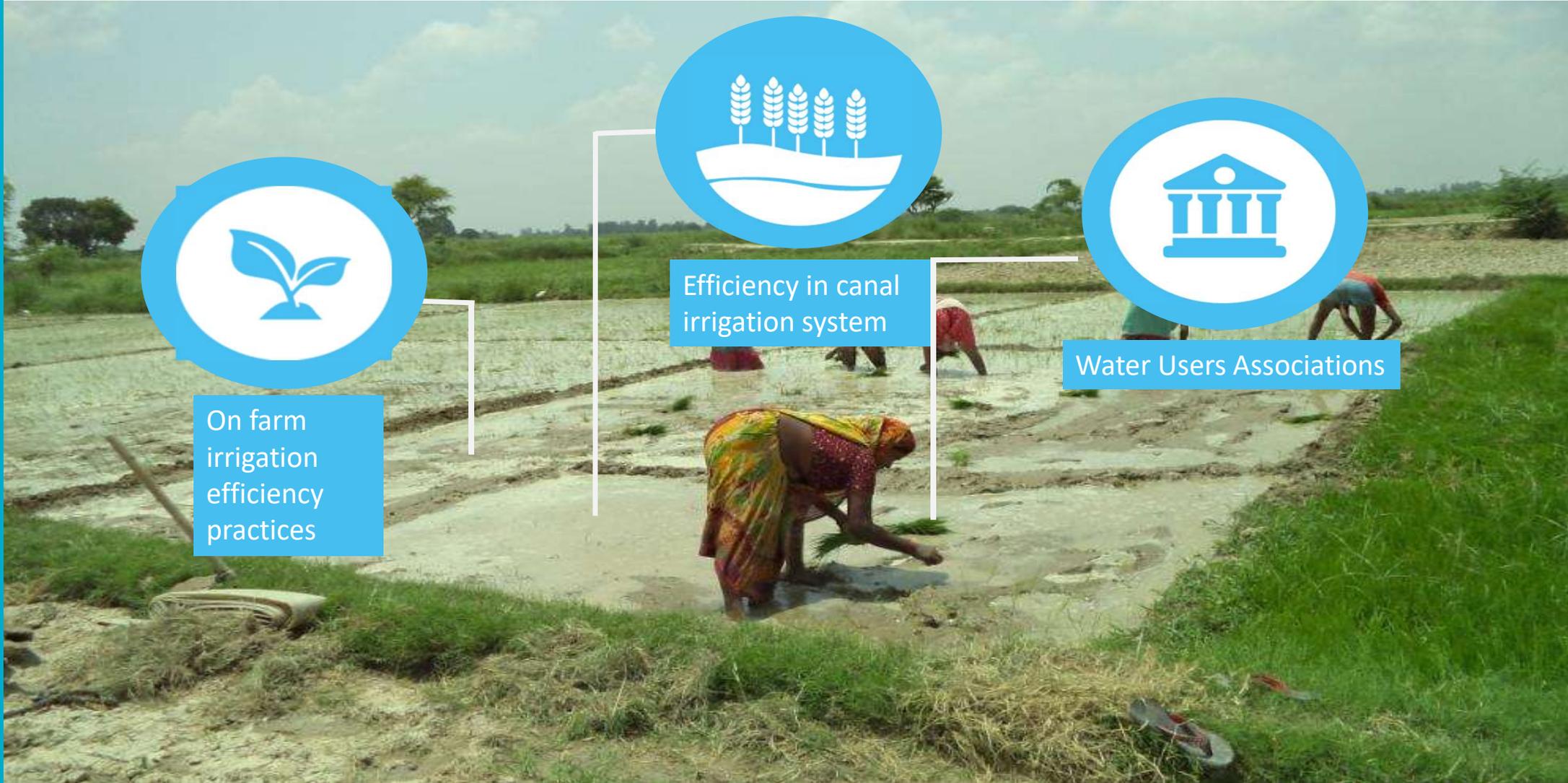
On farm
irrigation
efficiency
practices



Efficiency in canal
irrigation system



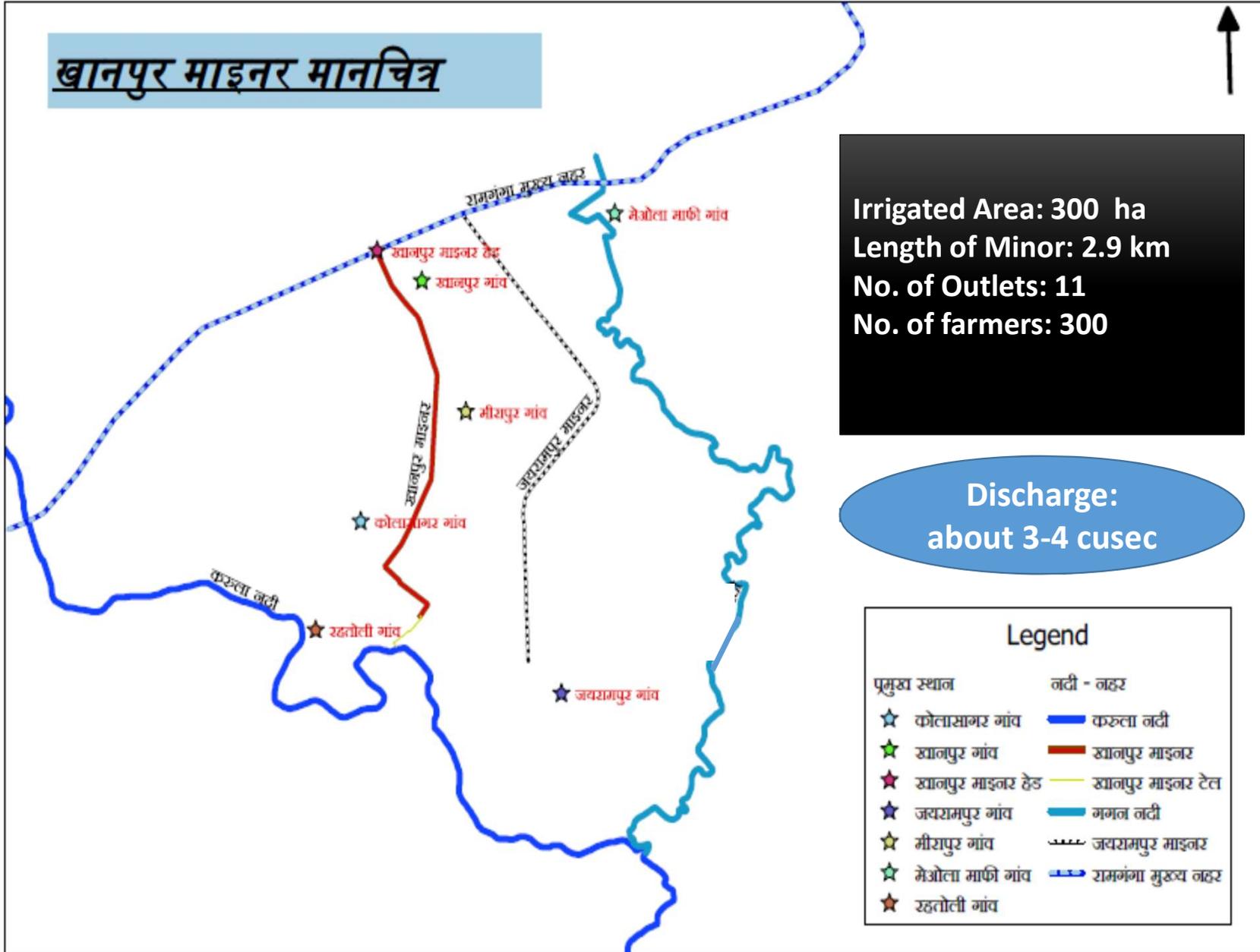
Water Users Associations







खानपुर माइनर मानचित्र

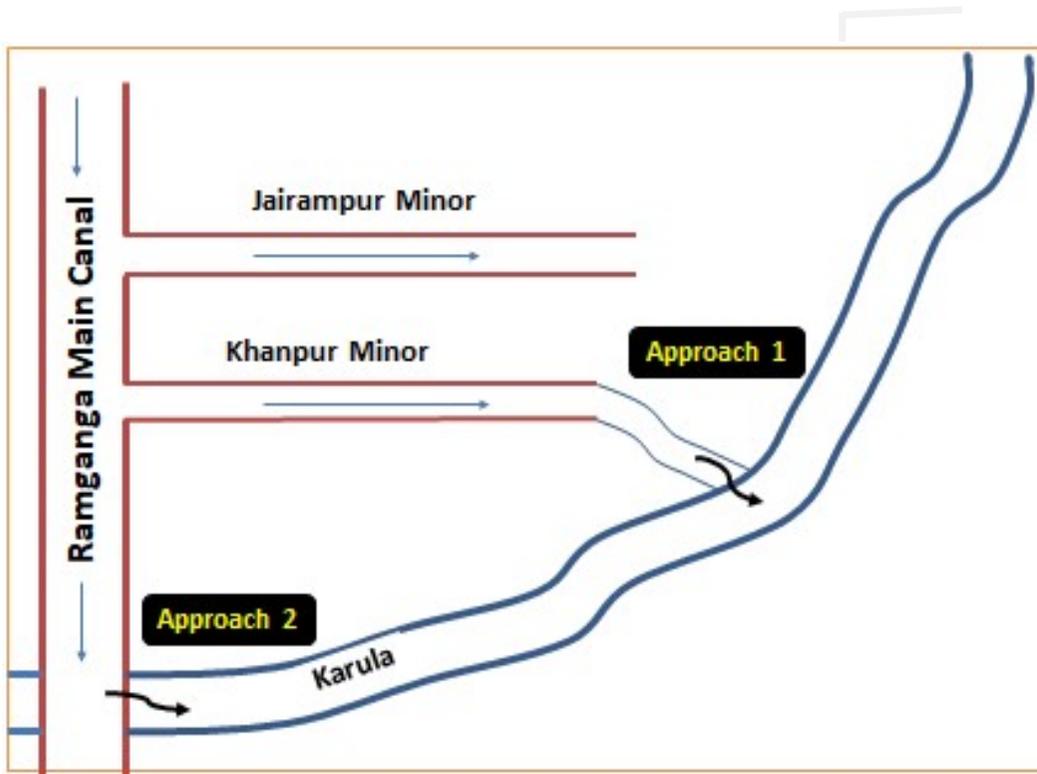


Irrigated Area: 300 ha
Length of Minor: 2.9 km
No. of Outlets: 11
No. of farmers: 300

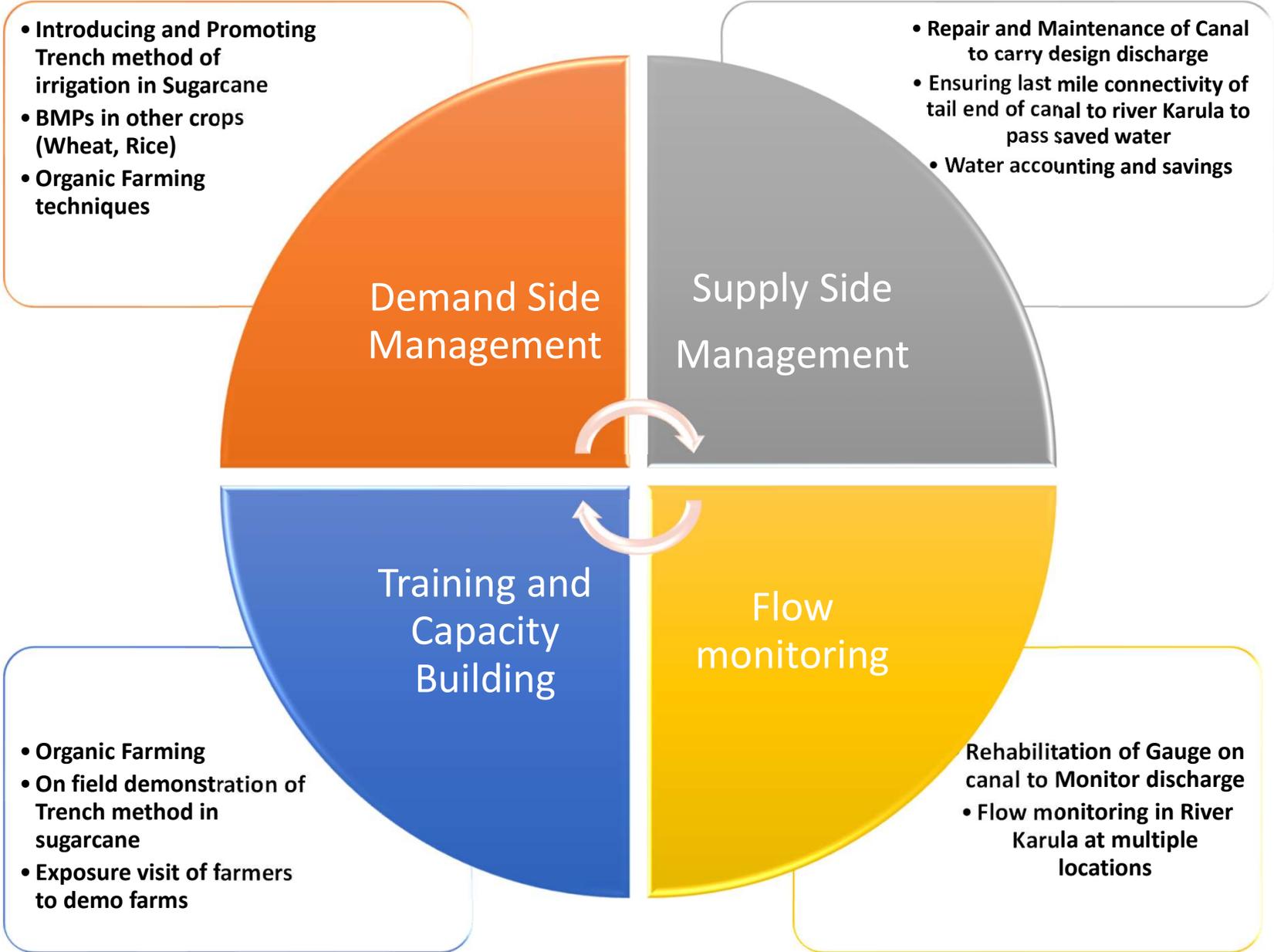
Discharge:
about 3-4 cusec



4 villages; 300 farmers, 59 Hectares



Target 100 Ha

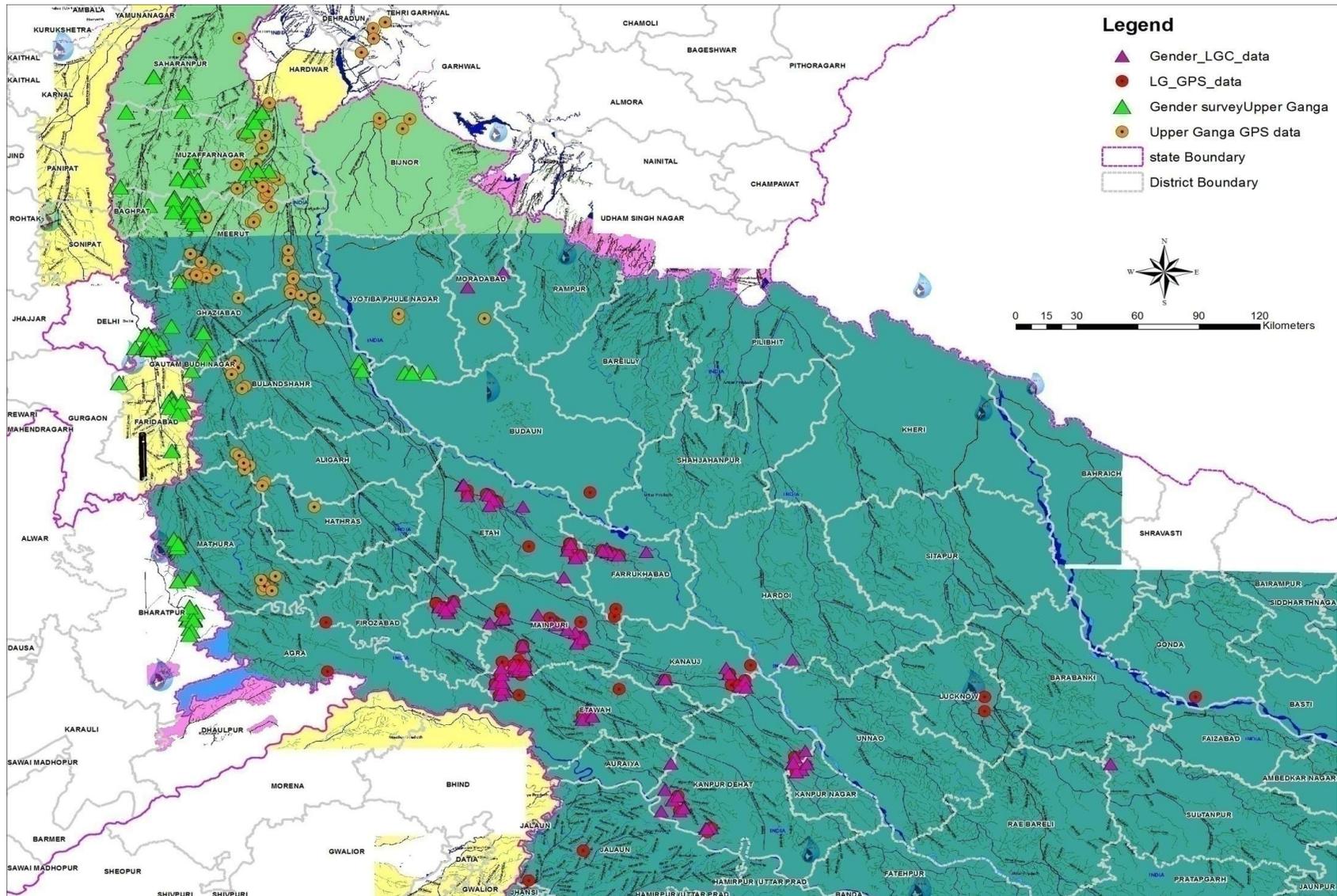




Agriculture PoPs; capacity building

- Trench based sugarcane cultivation
- Application of Bio-fertilizers and Bio-pesticides
- Application of micro-nutrient
- Promotion of multi-cropping





River and Basin Ecosystem Health

- Flow Regimes
- Water Quality Management
- Species and Habitat Conservation
- Catchment (Watershed, Wetlands and Floodplains) Conservation



Social, Economic, and Cultural Benefits

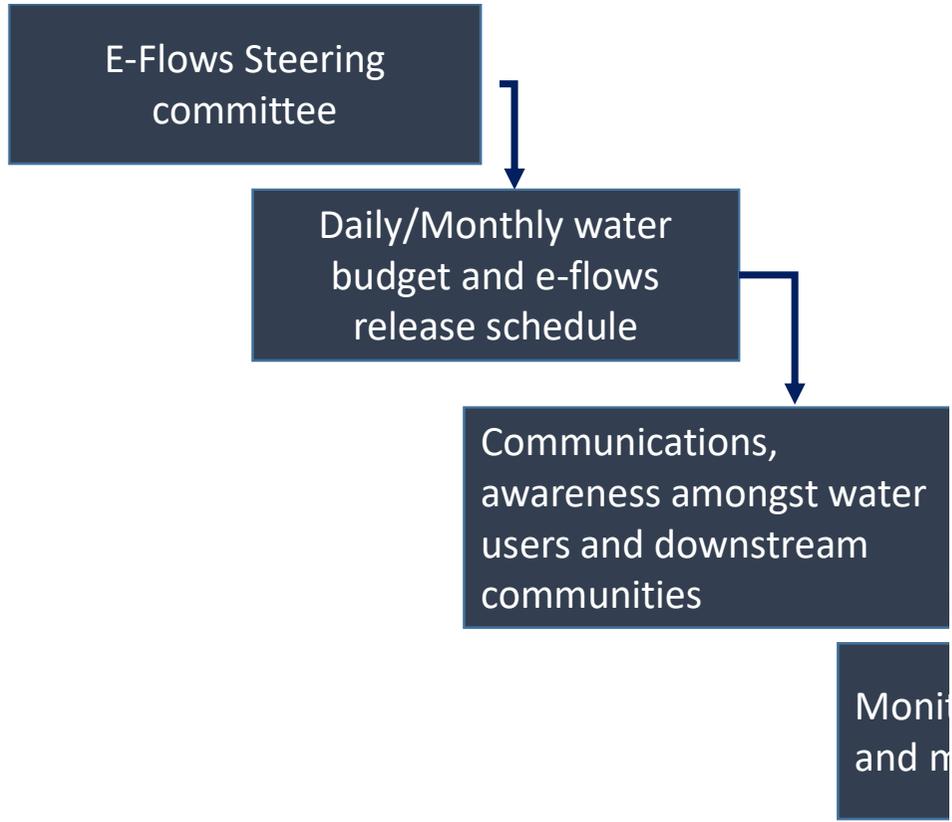
- Water And Sediment Provisioning
- Cultural and Recreational Services
- Livelihood

Basin Governance

- Framework for Collective Action
- Basin Management and District Level (Framework and Institution) Committee
- Capacity Building and Empowering Stakeholder

Disaster and Risk Management

- Public Health
- Flood Management
- Climate Adaptation



Moving the E-flows discussion forward

- **Embedding stakeholder processes needed to establish the desired state of the river, conservation/management objectives, set water allocation priorities**
- **Need ownership to the process and approach**
- **Institutional arrangements at basin/sub-basin level for restoring flows and health**
- Understanding **basin interactions**, including the range of hydrological, ecological, socio-cultural and economic systems and activities at work within a basin takes time and requires dedicated effort
- Plan and act, even without full knowledge. **Recognize iterative, adaptive nature of the e-flows process.**
 - **“Routinely monitor relationships between flow alteration and ecological response before and during environmental flow management, and refine flow provisions accordingly.”**
- **E-flows need to be integrated into basin planning process**
 - Basin plan Environmental Flow Assessments Are Not Realizing Their Potential as an Aid to Basin Planning (Jackie King and Cate Brown)

